

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 12.032 (2) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 13.393 (3) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 8.7244 (17) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 95.33 (3)^\circ$
 $V = 1399.8 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.86 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 113 \text{ K}$
 $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

4,5,6,7-Tetrachloro-N-(2-fluorophenyl)-phthalimide

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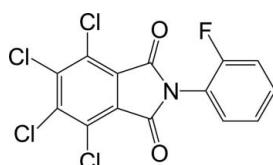
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 113 \text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003 \text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.032; wR factor = 0.085; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.4.

In the title compound, $C_{14}H_4Cl_4FNO_2$, the benzene ring and the phthalimide plane are nearly planar, the maximum deviations being 0.005 (2) and 0.010 (2) \AA , respectively, but the molecule as a whole is not planar: the dihedral angle between the two planar ring systems is 68.06 (10) $^\circ$. A short $\text{Cl}\cdots\text{O}$ contact of 2.914 (2) \AA exists in the crystal structure.

Related literature

The title compound is an intermediate in the synthesis of organic electroluminescent materials; see: Han & Kay (2005). For details of the synthesis, see: Valkonen *et al.* (2007); Barchin *et al.* (2002). For related structures, see: Xu *et al.* (2006); Fu *et al.* (2010a,b,c).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_4Cl_4FNO_2$

$M_r = 378.98$

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.833$, $T_{\max} = 0.875$

9870 measured reflections
2462 independent reflections
2120 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.085$
 $S = 1.14$
2462 reflections

199 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.55 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.54 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BV2150).

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supplementary materials

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4,5,6,7-Tetrachloro-N-(2-fluorophenyl)phthalimide

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Comment

The title compound is a key intermediate in the synthesis of organic electro-luminescent materials. The emission of light by organic molecules exposed to an electric field has been widely investigated in both an academic and industrial context. (Han & Kay, 2005).

The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1. In the title compound, the two rings are nearly planar, the maximum deviations being 0.005 (2) and 0.010 (2) Å, respectively, but the molecule as a whole is not planar. The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the phthalimide plane is 68.06 (10) °, which is greater than 59.95 (4) ° found in a related compound *N*-(2-fluorophenyl)phthalimide (Xu *et al.*, 2006). A short Cl···O contact of 2.914 (2) Å exists in the crystal structure.

Experimental

An acetic acid solution of 4,5,6,7-tetrachlorophthalic anhydride (28.6 g, 100 mmol) and 2-fluoroaniline (9.65 ml, 100 mmol) was refluxed overnight, and then filtered. The crude product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding with C—H = 0.95 Å, and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

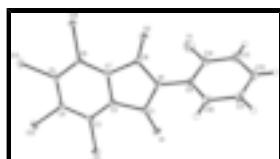


Fig. 1. View of the molecule showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

4,5,6,7-Tetrachloro-N-(2-fluorophenyl)phthalimide

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_4\text{FNO}_2$	$F(000) = 752$
$M_r = 378.98$	$D_x = 1.798 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 4679 reflections
$a = 12.032 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.3\text{--}27.9^\circ$
$b = 13.393 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.86 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

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$c = 8.7244(17)$ Å	$T = 113$ K
$\beta = 95.33(3)^\circ$	Prism, colorless
$V = 1399.8(5)$ Å ³	$0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.16$ mm
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn CCD area-detector diffractometer	2462 independent reflections
Radiation source: rotating anode confocal	2120 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 7.31 pixels mm ⁻¹	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$
ω and φ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrystalClear</i> ; Rigaku, 2005)	$h = -14 \rightarrow 13$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.833, T_{\text{max}} = 0.875$	$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
9870 measured reflections	$l = -7 \rightarrow 10$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.085$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.14$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0567P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2462 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
199 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.55$ e Å ⁻³
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.54$ e Å ⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.86460(4)	0.88811(4)	0.87885(5)	0.02115(15)

Cl2	1.12105 (4)	0.89461 (4)	0.84021 (6)	0.02482 (16)
Cl3	1.20515 (4)	0.87608 (4)	0.51578 (6)	0.02211 (16)
Cl4	1.03483 (4)	0.86419 (3)	0.22341 (5)	0.01784 (15)
F1	0.59427 (10)	1.01280 (10)	0.21749 (17)	0.0449 (4)
O1	0.64955 (11)	0.87452 (10)	0.64858 (16)	0.0242 (4)
O2	0.77309 (11)	0.84862 (10)	0.17056 (15)	0.0222 (3)
N1	0.68479 (12)	0.85955 (12)	0.39299 (18)	0.0179 (4)
C1	0.71360 (15)	0.86955 (14)	0.5529 (2)	0.0175 (4)
C2	0.83872 (15)	0.87331 (13)	0.5693 (2)	0.0145 (4)
C3	0.91144 (15)	0.88264 (13)	0.6996 (2)	0.0159 (4)
C4	1.02658 (15)	0.88421 (13)	0.6811 (2)	0.0157 (4)
C5	1.06451 (15)	0.87662 (12)	0.5352 (2)	0.0158 (4)
C6	0.98857 (15)	0.86904 (13)	0.4041 (2)	0.0140 (4)
C7	0.87595 (15)	0.86712 (13)	0.4244 (2)	0.0143 (4)
C8	0.77660 (15)	0.85734 (14)	0.3073 (2)	0.0162 (4)
C9	0.57195 (15)	0.85497 (15)	0.3257 (2)	0.0196 (4)
C10	0.50639 (15)	0.77220 (16)	0.3485 (2)	0.0252 (5)
H10	0.5353	0.7180	0.4101	0.030*
C11	0.39733 (16)	0.76994 (17)	0.2793 (2)	0.0315 (5)
H11	0.3512	0.7139	0.2947	0.038*
C12	0.35573 (17)	0.84825 (18)	0.1888 (3)	0.0318 (5)
H12	0.2816	0.8452	0.1410	0.038*
C13	0.42123 (16)	0.93161 (18)	0.1668 (2)	0.0313 (5)
H13	0.3926	0.9862	0.1057	0.038*
C14	0.52798 (15)	0.93280 (16)	0.2357 (2)	0.0243 (5)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0284 (3)	0.0246 (3)	0.0108 (3)	-0.00137 (19)	0.0036 (2)	-0.00012 (18)
Cl2	0.0242 (3)	0.0309 (3)	0.0178 (3)	0.0013 (2)	-0.0064 (2)	-0.0022 (2)
Cl3	0.0141 (3)	0.0256 (3)	0.0263 (3)	0.00246 (18)	0.0001 (2)	-0.00010 (19)
Cl4	0.0185 (3)	0.0213 (3)	0.0145 (2)	-0.00069 (17)	0.00566 (19)	-0.00100 (18)
F1	0.0410 (7)	0.0357 (8)	0.0559 (9)	-0.0095 (6)	-0.0078 (6)	0.0140 (7)
O1	0.0213 (7)	0.0350 (9)	0.0178 (7)	-0.0025 (6)	0.0088 (6)	-0.0029 (6)
O2	0.0208 (7)	0.0331 (8)	0.0127 (7)	-0.0050 (6)	0.0025 (5)	-0.0015 (6)
N1	0.0134 (8)	0.0252 (10)	0.0156 (8)	-0.0030 (6)	0.0037 (7)	-0.0021 (7)
C1	0.0196 (10)	0.0162 (11)	0.0166 (10)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0017 (8)	0.0000 (7)
C2	0.0181 (9)	0.0104 (10)	0.0155 (10)	-0.0004 (7)	0.0035 (8)	0.0016 (7)
C3	0.0235 (10)	0.0125 (10)	0.0119 (10)	0.0000 (7)	0.0032 (8)	-0.0001 (7)
C4	0.0198 (10)	0.0105 (10)	0.0157 (10)	-0.0005 (7)	-0.0044 (8)	0.0001 (7)
C5	0.0156 (9)	0.0106 (10)	0.0211 (11)	0.0014 (7)	0.0007 (8)	-0.0001 (7)
C6	0.0187 (9)	0.0107 (10)	0.0132 (9)	0.0001 (7)	0.0044 (8)	0.0012 (7)
C7	0.0174 (9)	0.0122 (10)	0.0129 (9)	-0.0015 (7)	0.0002 (7)	0.0000 (7)
C8	0.0166 (9)	0.0144 (10)	0.0176 (10)	-0.0026 (7)	0.0009 (8)	-0.0002 (8)
C9	0.0142 (9)	0.0269 (12)	0.0180 (10)	-0.0014 (8)	0.0030 (8)	-0.0057 (8)
C10	0.0208 (10)	0.0286 (13)	0.0270 (11)	-0.0041 (8)	0.0056 (8)	-0.0016 (9)
C11	0.0187 (10)	0.0390 (14)	0.0375 (13)	-0.0123 (9)	0.0064 (9)	-0.0100 (10)

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C12	0.0149 (10)	0.0509 (16)	0.0295 (13)	-0.0006 (10)	0.0008 (9)	-0.0137 (11)
C13	0.0244 (11)	0.0406 (14)	0.0282 (12)	0.0073 (10)	-0.0012 (9)	-0.0020 (10)
C14	0.0231 (10)	0.0253 (12)	0.0243 (11)	-0.0040 (8)	0.0011 (8)	-0.0012 (9)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

Cl1—C3	1.7122 (19)	C4—C5	1.396 (3)
Cl2—C4	1.7159 (19)	C5—C6	1.400 (3)
Cl3—C5	1.7162 (18)	C6—C7	1.383 (3)
Cl4—C6	1.7213 (19)	C7—C8	1.505 (3)
F1—C14	1.354 (2)	C9—C14	1.380 (3)
O1—C1	1.189 (2)	C9—C10	1.385 (3)
O2—C8	1.195 (2)	C10—C11	1.393 (3)
N1—C8	1.391 (2)	C10—H10	0.9500
N1—C1	1.412 (2)	C11—C12	1.379 (3)
N1—C9	1.430 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
C1—C2	1.500 (3)	C12—C13	1.390 (3)
C2—C3	1.374 (3)	C12—H12	0.9500
C2—C7	1.382 (3)	C13—C14	1.367 (3)
C3—C4	1.410 (3)	C13—H13	0.9500
C8—N1—C1	113.51 (15)	C6—C7—C8	129.85 (18)
C8—N1—C9	123.34 (16)	O2—C8—N1	125.63 (17)
C1—N1—C9	123.13 (16)	O2—C8—C7	129.69 (17)
O1—C1—N1	125.66 (17)	N1—C8—C7	104.68 (16)
O1—C1—C2	129.89 (18)	C14—C9—C10	119.51 (18)
N1—C1—C2	104.45 (16)	C14—C9—N1	120.02 (17)
C3—C2—C7	121.77 (18)	C10—C9—N1	120.46 (18)
C3—C2—C1	129.66 (18)	C9—C10—C11	118.8 (2)
C7—C2—C1	108.56 (16)	C9—C10—H10	120.6
C2—C3—C4	117.62 (18)	C11—C10—H10	120.6
C2—C3—Cl1	121.41 (15)	C12—C11—C10	120.6 (2)
C4—C3—Cl1	120.94 (15)	C12—C11—H11	119.7
C5—C4—C3	120.75 (17)	C10—C11—H11	119.7
C5—C4—Cl2	119.71 (14)	C11—C12—C13	120.64 (19)
C3—C4—Cl2	119.54 (15)	C11—C12—H12	119.7
C4—C5—C6	120.45 (17)	C13—C12—H12	119.7
C4—C5—Cl3	119.95 (15)	C14—C13—C12	118.1 (2)
C6—C5—Cl3	119.60 (15)	C14—C13—H13	121.0
C7—C6—C5	118.03 (18)	C12—C13—H13	121.0
C7—C6—Cl4	121.36 (15)	F1—C14—C13	119.8 (2)
C5—C6—Cl4	120.61 (14)	F1—C14—C9	117.75 (16)
C2—C7—C6	121.36 (17)	C13—C14—C9	122.4 (2)
C2—C7—C8	108.79 (16)		
C8—N1—C1—O1	178.91 (18)	C5—C6—C7—C2	0.5 (3)
C9—N1—C1—O1	0.6 (3)	Cl4—C6—C7—C2	-178.51 (13)
C8—N1—C1—C2	-0.4 (2)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-178.53 (17)
C9—N1—C1—C2	-178.80 (16)	Cl4—C6—C7—C8	2.4 (3)
O1—C1—C2—C3	0.6 (3)	C1—N1—C8—O2	179.37 (17)
N1—C1—C2—C3	179.94 (17)	C9—N1—C8—O2	-2.3 (3)

O1—C1—C2—C7	−178.47 (19)	C1—N1—C8—C7	−0.1 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C7	0.85 (19)	C9—N1—C8—C7	178.26 (16)
C7—C2—C3—C4	−0.9 (3)	C2—C7—C8—O2	−178.79 (19)
C1—C2—C3—C4	−179.94 (17)	C6—C7—C8—O2	0.4 (3)
C7—C2—C3—Cl1	−178.88 (14)	C2—C7—C8—N1	0.6 (2)
C1—C2—C3—Cl1	2.1 (3)	C6—C7—C8—N1	179.79 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.1 (3)	C8—N1—C9—C14	−67.0 (3)
Cl1—C3—C4—C5	178.00 (13)	C1—N1—C9—C14	111.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—Cl2	−179.43 (13)	C8—N1—C9—C10	112.3 (2)
Cl1—C3—C4—Cl2	−1.5 (2)	C1—N1—C9—C10	−69.5 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.1 (3)	C14—C9—C10—C11	0.1 (3)
Cl2—C4—C5—C6	−179.40 (13)	N1—C9—C10—C11	−179.17 (18)
C3—C4—C5—Cl3	−178.64 (13)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.6 (3)
Cl2—C4—C5—Cl3	0.9 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	−1.0 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	−1.4 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.9 (3)
Cl3—C5—C6—C7	178.36 (13)	C12—C13—C14—F1	−179.79 (18)
C4—C5—C6—Cl4	177.65 (13)	C12—C13—C14—C9	−0.2 (3)
Cl3—C5—C6—Cl4	−2.6 (2)	C10—C9—C14—F1	179.34 (18)
C3—C2—C7—C6	0.7 (3)	N1—C9—C14—F1	−1.4 (3)
C1—C2—C7—C6	179.84 (16)	C10—C9—C14—C13	−0.2 (3)
C3—C2—C7—C8	179.90 (16)	N1—C9—C14—C13	179.00 (19)
C1—C2—C7—C8	−0.92 (19)		

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

